The Hong Kong Polytechnic University

Subject Description Form

Please read the notes at the end of the table carefully before completing the form.

Subject Code	CHC2CM23P			
Subject Title	Political History and Political Culture in Premodern China			
	中國古代政治史與政治文化			
Credit Value	3			
Level	2			
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Exclusion: CC2C23, CC2C23P, CC2CN23P and CC219			
Objectives	The subject aims at introducing students to the two core elements in politics, namely power and intrigue, which led to coups, purges and mutinies that marked the darkest side of politics in imperial China. It is widely spread by popular movies and TV series nowadays that most of these tragedies were in fact taken place inside and outside the palaces and courts of imperial China in the past 2000 years. In this regards, the subject also aims at helping the students to know how to distinguish between history and literature of the topics such as court politics and intrigues which they are interesting to know. Through this course, students will also learn about the complexity of politics in imperial China and its political culture.			
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:			
Outcomes (Note 1)	(a) know the political implication of the location and architectural design of the court and palace of respective dynasties of imperial China;			
	(b) understand the roles of the various players, including the emperors, the palace women, the imperial-in-laws, the eunuchs, the palace troops and the courtiers, inside and outside the court and the palace;			
	(c) comprehend why and how power struggles and political intrigues were inevitable in imperial China;			
	(d) grasp the wisdom of the statesman and thinkers in imperial China in handling these enduring problems;			
	(e) fulfill the Chinese Writing and Reading Requirements in Chinese session.			

Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus

(Note 2)

1. Court and Palace: location, architectural design and its political implication

- 2. Emperor and the Prime Minister: Head of State acted with/against Chief Executive of the state
- 3. Emperor and the Crown Prince: Succession problem and the root of palace intrigues
- 4. The Palace Women, Imperial-in-laws and the court Politics
- 5. Eunuchs in power: Servants who usurped the imperial power
- 6. Palace Troops: Force that engineered coups and mutinies
- 7. Courtiers and court politics: Factionalism among the civilian officials
- 8. Scholars vs Soldiers: Power struggle between the Courtiers and the Army Commanders
- 9. Causes of seemingly inevitable and enduring power struggle and intrigues: Institutional shortcomings of autocratic rule in Imperial China
- 10. Criticism of the Institution of Emperor: Origin of power struggle and intrigues in imperial China
- 11. Ghosts of court politics in Contemporary China: From Chiang Kai-sek to Mao Zedong

Teaching/Learning Methodology

(Note 3)

Selected pieces of movies and TV series of related topics will be shown during the class to serve as the introduction of each lecture to arouse the interest of the students. It will be followed by a powerpoint aided presentation of the core ideas and key facts of the said topic. For each lecture, students are required to read assigned materials including classical texts and related works of contemporary scholars.

To enhance students' self-study abilities, they are required to make an oral presentation on a team basis of assigned topics during tutorials. Consultations are provided by the instructor to help the students to prepare their presentations in particular, and to understand the subject matter in general.

Museum visits with relevant themes will be organized during the semester. If resources allow, field study to palaces and government offices crossed the border will be organized, probably during the termbreak period, on an optional basis, for students to better understand the subject matters.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes

(Note 4)

Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)				
		a	b	с	d	e
1. Quizzes	30%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2. Tutorial Presentation	30%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3. Term Paper (2,000-3,000 words)	40% (10% graded by the CLC and 30% by the subject instructor)	√	✓	✓	✓	✓

	Total	100 %				
	For the fulfillment of CR: Students have to demonstrate understanding of the items chosen for CR in Mid-term Quiz and Term-end quiz.					
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment method in assessing the intended learning outcomes:					
	1. Quizzes: The final quiz, comprising short answer questions and short essays, will help students gauge the key concepts of technological development and major issues of Chinese culture covered in the lectures.					
	2. Tutorial Presentation: In the Tutorial Presentation section, instructors will divide students into small groups. Each group must select a topic related to the topics of this course. They need to read second-hand research for in-depth discussion and analysis in the form of group presentations. In order to find an appropriate topic, students must first read the "Required Reading". Once they have chosen a topic, they can refer to the "Reference List" to read more research that provides more details for their topics.					
	3. Term paper: students will choose a topic related to the political history in premodern China and discuss and analyze it. They must read second-hand research and offer their own opinions to complete this paper. Students must obtain a D or above on the Writing Requirement assignment to pass the subject.					
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:					
	 Lectures 			26 Hrs.		
	 Tutorials 			13 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:					
	■ Readings			42 Hrs.		
	 Discussion 			6 Hrs.		
	■ Writing			36 Hrs		
	Total student study effort			123 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	中文必讀書目(共 224 頁): 1. 錢穆,《中國歷代政治得失》,台北:東大圖書公司,2018 (第版)。全讀,共 224 頁。					
中文選讀書目: 3. 吳秀良(著),張震久等(譯),《康熙朝儲位鬥爭記實》(北京:科學出版社,1988) 4. 楊聯陞,《國史探微》(臺北:聯經出版事業公司,1983) 6. 李治安等,《中國古代官僚政治》(北京:書目文獻出版社,197. 徐連達,《中國皇帝制度》(廣州:廣東教育出版社,1996) 8. 杜婉言,《中國宦官史》(臺北:文津出版社,1996) 9. 韋慶遠,《張居正和明代中後期政局》(廣州:廣東高等教育出1999) 10. 馮佐哲,《清史與戲說影視劇》(北京:台海出版社,2004) 11. 周良霄,《皇帝與皇權》(修訂本)(上海:上海古籍出版社,212. 朱子彥,《多維視角下的皇權政治》(上海:上海人民出版社13. 白鋼,《中國皇帝》(北京:社會科學文獻出版社,2008 修訂214. 韋慶遠(編),《中國政治制度史》(增訂本),(北京:中國人民大學						

社, 2005)

- 15. 衛廣來,《漢魏晉皇權嬗代》,(太原:書海出版社,2002)
- 16 田餘慶: 《拓跋史探》(北京:三聯書店, 2003)
- 17. 蒙曼,《唐代前期北衙禁軍制度研究》(北京:中央民族大學出版社, 2005)
- 18. 周良霄,《皇帝與皇權》(修訂本)(上海:上海古籍出版社, 2006)19.
- 20. 宋其蕤,《北魏女主論》(北京:中國社會科學出版社,2006)
- 21. 王守棟,《唐代宦官政治》(北京:中國社會科學出版社,2009)
- 22. 金承藝,《清朝帝位之爭史事考》(北京:中華書局,2010)
- 23. 黄仁宇,《萬曆十五年》,北京:中華書局,,2007,1-137。(Huang, Ray. 1587, A Year of No Significance: The Ming Dynasty in Decline. New Haven: Yale University Press, 1981.)
- 24. 孔復禮著 (Philip Kuhn),陳兼,劉昶譯,《叫魂一乾隆盛世的妖術大恐慌》,上海:三聯書局,1997,全讀,共 368 頁。(Kuhn, Philip A. Soulstealers: The Chinese Sorcery Scare of 1768. Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 1990.)

English supplementary readings:

- 1. Ebrey, Patricia Buckley. *The Cambridge Illustrated History of China*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2022; 3rd ed.
- 2. Beatrice S. Bartlett, Monarchs and Ministers: *The Grand Council in Mid-Ch'ing China, 1723-1820*, Berkeley, California: University of California Press, 1991.
- 3. Jacques Gernet, Translated by J. R. Foster, Translated by Charles Hartman. *A History of Chinese Civilization*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1996.
- 4. Jonathan Spence, *Emperor of China: Self-portrait of K'ang Hsi*, London: Jonathan Cape, 1974.
- 5. Silas H. L. Wu, *Passage to Power: K'ang-his and his heir apparent,* 1661-1772, Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 1979.
- 6. Patricia Buckley Ebrey(ed.), *Emperor Huizong and Late Northern Song China: The Politics of Culture and the Culture of Politics*, Cambridge(Massachusetts): Harvard University Press, 2006.

Note 1: Intended Learning Outcomes

Intended learning outcomes should state what students should be able to do or attain upon subject completion. Subject outcomes are expected to contribute to the attainment of the overall programme outcomes.

Note 2: Subject Synopsis/Indicative Syllabus

The syllabus should adequately address the intended learning outcomes. At the same time, overcrowding of the syllabus should be avoided.

Note 3: Teaching/Learning Methodology

This section should include a brief description of the teaching and learning methods to be employed to facilitate learning, and a justification of how the methods are aligned with the intended learning outcomes of the subject.

Note 4: Assessment Method

This section should include the assessment method(s) to be used and its relative weighting, and indicate which of the subject intended learning outcomes that each method is intended to assess. It should also provide a brief explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes.